WE CLAIM:

1. A compound of the formula

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wherein R¹ represents

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alkanoyl of C_2 - C_{10} which is unsubstituted, or which is substituted by a phenyl, or which is substituted on other than the α -carbon atom by an amino or protected amino group;

benzoyl or substituted benzoyl bearing one or two substituents each of which is independently halo, loweralkyl of C_1 - C_4 , loweralkoxy of C_1 - C_4 or phenyl;

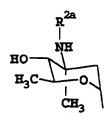
an acyl derived from an α -amino acid or an acyl derived from a protected α -amino acid, said α -amino acid being selected from the group consisting of:

alanine, arginine, asparagine, 5 aspartic acid, cysteine, glutamic acid, glutamine, glycine, 10 histidine, isoleucine, leucine, lysine, methionine, 15 3-phenylalanine, 3-(p-chlorophenyl)alanine, proline, serine, threonine, 20 tryptophan and valine,

in either D- or L-form; or

an acyl derived from an α -amino acid as defined above which bears on the amine a substituent which is alkyl of C_1 - C_{10} , benzyl, phenylbenzyl, or p-chlorobenzyl, with the proviso that the acyl derived from N-methyl-D-leucine is excluded;

 \mathbb{R}^2 represents hydrogen or an epivancosaminyl of the formula



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wherein R^{2a} represents hydrogen or $-CH_2-R^3$; and R^3 represents hydrogen,

alkyl of $C_1 - C_{11}$,

alkyl of $C_1 - C_{11} - R^4$, or

10 R^4 -(linker_(0 or 1)- R^4)_{0 or 1},

4.

wherein each R^4 is independently phenyl or phenyl substituted by one or two substituents, each of which is independently halo, loweralkyl of C_1 - C_8 , loweralkylthio of C_1 - C_4 , or trifluoromethyl, and "linker" is -0-, - CH_2 -, or -0-(CH_2)_n- wherein n is 1-3;

- 2. A compound of Claim 1 in which \mathbb{R}^2 is an epivancosaminyl radical wherein \mathbb{R}^{2a} represents hydrogen,
- 3. A compound of Claim 2 in which R^2 is an epivancosaminyl radical wherein R^{2a} represents $-CH_2-R^3$.
 - 4. A compound of Claim 3 in which R³ is p-biphenylyl.
- 5. A compound of Claim 3 in which \mathbb{R}^3 is p-(p-chlorophenyl)phenyl.

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- 6. A pharmaceutical formulation comprising a compound of any of Claims 1-5 in combination with a pharmaceutically-acceptable diluent or carrier.
- 7. A method of treating a bacterial infection in a host comprising the step of administering to the host an effective amount of a formulation of Claim 6.
 - 8. A method of Claim 7 wherein the bacterial infection is attributable to a vancomycin-resistant-enterococcus.
- 9. A compound of any of Claims 1-5 for use in antibacterial therapy.
 - 10. A compound of any of Claims 1-5 for use in antibacterial therapy against vancomycin-resistant-enterococcus.
- 15 11. A process for the preparation of a compound as claimed in any one of Claims 1-5 which comprises reacting a parent glycopeptide of the formula

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wherein R^2 is as defined in Claim 1, with an activated ester of an alkanoic acid of the desired R^1 as defined in Claim 1, and if desired, thereafter reductively alkylating the N^{DISACC} amine and/or forming a pharmaceutically acceptable salt.